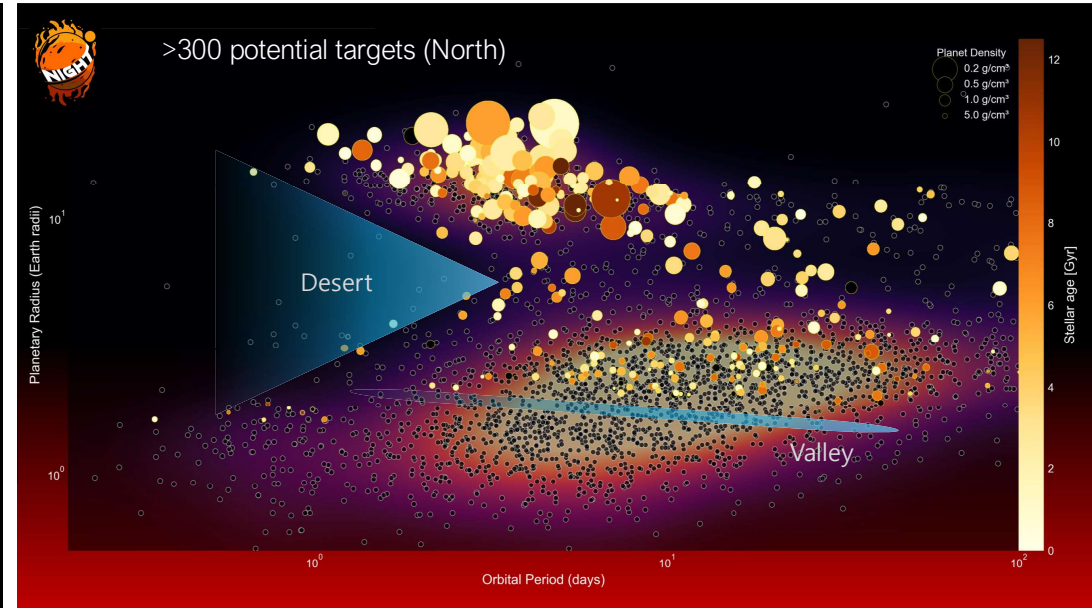


NIGHT

7-month testing campaign at the OHP 152cm telescope

HAWAII 1 Q.E.	60%
Spectrograph	70%
Fibers and injection	70%
Seeing 2-2.5"	<50%
Telescope	25%
Atmosphere	>95%
End-to-end	<3.5 %


Credit: J. Rodriguez




NIGHT's future


NIGHT has returned to Geneva


Now :	Vacuum system, calibration, thermal stability upgrades
August 2026 :	NIGHT will be installed @TNG
September 2026 :	NIGHT tests at ESO's NTT
2027 :	NIGHT@NTT?



WALTZER - Wide band Atmospheric Laboratory for Transiting Exoplanet Research

ESA F3 mission concept

AT & CH equal PIs: 

Consortium: 

Core science

Simultaneously characterize lower & upper atmospheres of close-in gas rich planets:

- Temperature
- Composition
- Aerosols
- Mass-loss
- Variability

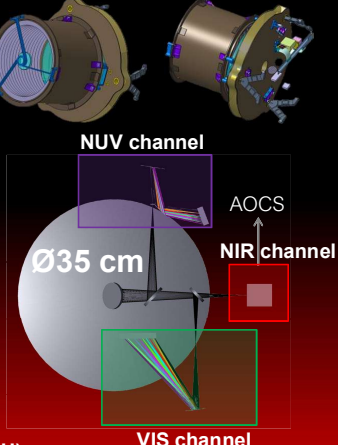
NUV & VIS Spec. (R~3000)

- 240 - 325 nm
- 450 - 820 nm

NIR Phot. (900 - 1700 nm)

Secondary surveys

- Stellar high-energy emission
- Solar system active bodies
- 25% open time



NUV channel

NIR channel

VIS channel

AOCS

Ø35 cm

PIs: Luca Fossati (AT), David Ehrenreich (CH), Brice-Olivier Demory (CH)

*v*Ancestor

ESA mission to have a single absolute, accurate calibration source for all EPRV onboard a satellite.

- Laser Frequency Comb (VIS, NIR) calibration source
- Onboard telescope to create a ground spot of 90 m
- Equatorial Medium Earth Orbit (20'000 km)
- Covering each major observatory once every other night



Credit: M. Bugatti, F. Pepe

